

Overview of RDBMS - PostgreSQL

Spoken Tutorial Project

<http://spoken-tutorial.org>

National Mission on Education through ICT

<http://sakshat.ac.in>

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Learning Objectives

We will learn about



Learning Objectives

We will learn about

- **RDBMS**



Learning Objectives

We will learn about

- **RDBMS**
- **Features of PostgreSQL**



Learning Objectives

We will learn about

- RDBMS
- Features of PostgreSQL
- Content available in various tutorials under this series



System Requirements



System Requirements

- **Ubuntu Linux 14.04 OS**



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- **Ubuntu Linux 14.04 OS**
- **PostgreSQL 9.3.x**



System Requirements

- **Ubuntu Linux 14.04 OS**
- **PostgreSQL 9.3.x**
- **pgAdmin 1.18**



Pre-requisites



Pre-requisites

- **Good understanding of basic computer concepts**



Pre-requisites

- **Good understanding of basic computer concepts**
- **Working knowledge of any programming language**



RDBMS



RDBMS

- RDBMS stands for **Relational Database Management System**



RDBMS

- RDBMS stands for **Relational Database Management System**
- RDBMS is a program that helps to create, update and manage database



RDBMS - Example



RDBMS - Example

- MS SQL Server



RDBMS - Example

- MS SQL Server
- IBM DB2



RDBMS - Example

- MS SQL Server
- IBM DB2
- ORACLE



RDBMS - Example

- MS SQL Server
- IBM DB2
- ORACLE
- My-SQL



RDBMS - Example

- MS SQL Server
- IBM DB2
- ORACLE
- My-SQL
- Microsoft Access



Features of PostgreSQL



Features of PostgreSQL

- It is the most advanced open source database management system



Features of PostgreSQL

- It is the most advanced open source database management system
- Run on various platforms such as Linux, windows and Mac OS



Features of PostgreSQL

- It is the most advanced open source database management system
- Run on various platforms such as Linux, windows and Mac OS
- Requires very minimum maintenance because of its stability



Features of PostgreSQL



Features of PostgreSQL

- We can define our own data types, index types and develop a custom plugin to meet the requirement



Features of PostgreSQL

- We can define our own data types, index types and develop a custom plugin to meet the requirement
- An active community support is available to help for the issues when working with PostgreSQL



Who can use PostgreSQL?



Who can use PostgreSQL?

- **Programmers, Project managers, System Administrators**



Who can use PostgreSQL?

- **Programmers, Project managers, System Administrators**
- **Any software professionals who is working to build products, websites, tools etc.,**



Installation of PostgreSQL



Installation of PostgreSQL

- **Installation of PostgreSQL in Ubuntu Linux and Windows**



Installation of PostgreSQL

- **Installation of PostgreSQL in Ubuntu Linux and Windows**
- **Installation of pgAdmin**



Installation of PostgreSQL

- **Installation of PostgreSQL in Ubuntu Linux and Windows**
- **Installation of pgAdmin**
- **Setting the password**



Installation of PostgreSQL

- Installation of PostgreSQL in Ubuntu Linux and Windows
- Installation of pgAdmin
- Setting the password
- How to connect and disconnect from the server



Create database using PgAdmin



Create database using PgAdmin

- **Connect to the server**



Create database using PgAdmin

- **Connect to the server**
- **Create a new database**



Create database using PgAdmin

- Connect to the server
- Create a new database
- Create a new table



Create database using PgAdmin

- Connect to the server
- Create a new database
- Create a new table
- Add columns to the table



Create database using PgAdmin

- Connect to the server
- Create a new database
- Create a new table
- Add columns to the table
- Common data types used in PostgreSQL



Table with Primary keys



Table with Primary keys

- **Insert data**



Table with Primary keys

- **Insert data**
- **Retrieve data**



Table with Primary keys

- Insert data
- Retrieve data
- **Data Redundancy**



Table with Primary keys

- Insert data
- Retrieve data
- Data Redundancy
- Importance of primary keys



Table with Primary keys

- Insert data
- Retrieve data
- Data Redundancy
- Importance of primary keys
- Create a table with primary keys



Select statement



Select statement

- **Basic Select statement**



Select statement

- Basic Select statement
- Select with **WHERE** clause



Select statement

- Basic Select statement
- Select with WHERE clause
- Select with relational operators



Select statement

- Basic Select statement
- Select with **WHERE** clause
- Select with relational operators
- Select with logical operators



Select statement

- Basic Select statement
- Select with **WHERE** clause
- Select with relational operators
- Select with logical operators
- **Alias for column names**



Select with Aggregate functions



Select with Aggregate functions

More clauses that can be used with the select statement, such as-



Select with Aggregate functions

More clauses that can be used with the select statement, such as-

- **Distinct**



Select with Aggregate functions

More clauses that can be used with the select statement, such as-

- Distinct
- Between



Select with Aggregate functions

More clauses that can be used with the select statement, such as-

- Distinct
- Between
- Like



Select with Aggregate functions

More clauses that can be used with the select statement, such as-

- Distinct
- Between
- Like
- In



Select with Aggregate functions

More clauses that can be used with the select statement, such as-

- Distinct
- Between
- Like
- In
- Is Null



Select with Aggregate functions



Select with Aggregate functions

**PostgreSQL built-in functions
otherwise called as Aggregate
functions**



Select with Aggregate functions

**PostgreSQL built-in functions
otherwise called as Aggregate
functions**

- **Count**



Select with Aggregate functions

**PostgreSQL built-in functions
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functions**

- **Count**
- **Sum**



Select with Aggregate functions

**PostgreSQL built-in functions
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- **Count**
- **Sum**
- **Max**



Select with Aggregate functions

**PostgreSQL built-in functions
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functions**

- **Count**
- **Sum**
- **Max**
- **Min**



Select with Aggregate functions

PostgreSQL built-in functions
otherwise called as Aggregate
functions

- Count
- Sum
- Max
- Min
- Avg



Foreign Key constraint



Foreign Key constraint

- Importance of using foreign keys



Foreign Key constraint

- Importance of using foreign keys
- Example to demonstrate the parent and child table relationship



Foreign Key constraint

- Importance of using foreign keys
- Example to demonstrate the parent and child table relationship
- Alter table command to modify the existing table structure



Foreign Key constraint

- Importance of using foreign keys
- Example to demonstrate the parent and child table relationship
- Alter table command to modify the existing table structure
- Different types of constraints



Aggregation facilities in SQL



Aggregation facilities in SQL

- **Group by**



Aggregation facilities in SQL

- **Group by**
- **Having**



Aggregation facilities in SQL

- **Group by**
- **Having**
- **Order by clause**



Updating Data



Updating Data

- **Update statement**



Updating Data

- **Update statement**
- **Delete statement**



Summary

In this tutorial we learnt about

- Overview of the RDBMS - PostgreSQL

- Refer to our website

<http://spoken-tutorial.org> for the detailed tutorials on each topic mentioned



About the Spoken Tutorial Project

- Watch the video available at http://spoken-tutorial.org/What_is_a_Spoken_Tutorial
- It summarises the Spoken Tutorial project
- If you do not have good bandwidth, you can download and watch it



Spoken Tutorial Workshops

The Spoken Tutorial Project Team

- Conducts workshops using spoken tutorials
- Gives certificates on passing online test
- For more details, please write to contact@spoken-tutorial.org



Forum for specific questions

- Do you have questions in THIS Spoken Tutorial?
- Please visit <http://forums.spoken-tutorial.org>
- Choose the minute and second where you have the question
- Explain your question briefly
- Someone from our team will answer them



Forum for specific questions

- The Spoken Tutorial forum is for specific questions on this tutorial
- Please do not post unrelated and general questions on them
- This will help reduce the clutter
- With less clutter, we can use these discussion as instructional material



Acknowledgements

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- It is supported by the National Mission on Education through ICT, MHRD, Government of India
- More information on this Mission is available at

<http://spoken-tutorial.org/NMEICT-Intro>

